

LIQUID ALUMINIUM SPRAY

1. Chemicals and corporate identity

Product identification FUKKOL LIQUID ALUMINIUM SPRAY

Product number 91395

KALEN INTERATIONAL LTD

Suppliers | Hongkong Kowloon New Po Kong Fong Street No. 10 new treasure

Center Building 1 room 6 words

Emergency telephone + 852-2420 2444

> Fax + 852-2485 1418

Manufacturer KALEN LUBRICANTS TECHNOLOGY (HUI ZHOU) LTD.

2. Risk overview

EU standard F; R11 | Xn; R65 | Xi; R38 | classification

GB 13690-92 Classification of common dangerous chemicals

Flammable liquid;

Physical / chemical

hazard

The material releases steam to form combustible gases, The accumulation of steam will flicker or explode if it is ignited. Electrostatic accumulation of the substance may cause a discharge to fire.

Environmental hazard High concentration, high toxicity to aquatic organisms.

Harmful: if swallowed by mistake, it will cause lung damage.

Steam can cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Health hazard It may irritate eyes, nose, throat and lungs.

Prolonged skin contact can cause dryness, dandruff removal,

chapping and dermatitis.

Printed in CHINA



It may cause central nervous system depression.

Flame burst hazard

Combustible goods.



Danger sign

3. Composition

Ingredients	CAS #	${\tt Proportion Proportion}$
Butyl acetate	123-86-4	1-15%
xylene	1330-20-7	1-12.5%
Oil refined	64742-48-9	1-10%
Naphtha	64742-82-1	1-2.5%
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	70-80%

4. First aid measures

	Using appropriate respiratory protective device, the patient		
	will be transferred immediately, if the patient stops		
Inhalation	breathing, artificial respiration should be carried out, and		
	the rest is maintained and the medical care is carried out in		
	time.。		
Skin contact	Wash the place with soap and water.		
	Take off contaminated clothes. Contaminated clothes should be		
	washed with soap and water and then wear.		
Eye contact	To wash the eyelids, with the flow of water or saline. Seek		
	medical assistance		

Eating If the victim is lighter, drink 2-4 cup of milk or water.

If the victim has lost consciousness, seek medical attention immediately.

The information in this publication is based on our experience and reports from customers. There are many factors outside our control and

Printed in CHINA.



5. Fire control measures

Fire Extinguisher

Use foam, dry chemical reagent (dry powder), or carbon dioxide (CO2) fire.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Not listed

Flash point (degrees C)
Fire extinguishing
procedure

Firefighters to wear a gas mask, wearing a full body fire service, in the upper hand to fire. As far as possible the containers from fire to open. Water spray to keep fire cooling container, until the end of the fire. If the containers in the fireground have discoloration or generate sound from the safety relief devices, must be immediately evacuated.

Fire extinguishing agent: foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, sand.

6. Accidental overflow handling measures

High temperature of the material, to avoid fire, Mars, or natural fire, if there is no danger, it is possible to stop and then overflow. With a mop or absorbent material will overflow into the proper container for further processing. Quickly evacuate the contaminated area personnel to the safe area, and to isolate, strictly limit access. Cut off the fire source. Recommended emergency personnel wear self positive pressure respirator, wear protective clothing for firefighters. As far as possible to cut off the source of leakage, prevent access to sewers, flood channel limited space.

Small leakage

Adsorption or absorption of sand or other non combustible materials. Can also be used a lot of water washing, washing water and diluted into the wastewater system.

Large leakage

Construct a barrierpit to contain; covered with foam, reduce the Vapor Hazard. Explosion proof pump transferred to tankexclusive collector, place the disposal of recycling or shipped to the waste disposal.

7. Operation disposal and storage

Operating notes

Closed operation, pay attention to ventilation. Operators must be trained in strict compliance with the operating rules. Stay away from fire, heat, smoking is prohibited in the workplace. Use explosion-proof ventilation system and equipment. To prevent vapor

The information in this publication is based on our experience and reports from customers. There are many factors outside our control are

Printed in CHINA.



from leaking into the air in the workplace. Avoid contact with oxidizing agent. When transporting light light, to prevent damage to packaging and containers.

Mechanical equipment and tools that are prohibited from using the easy to produce sparks.

At the time of filling, we should pay attention to the velocity of flow (not more than 3m/s), and there is a grounding device to prevent the accumulation of static electricity.

Storage precautions

Stored in a cool, ventilated warehouse. Away from fire and heat. The temperature in the warehouse is not more than 45. To prevent direct sunlight. Keep container seal. Should be separate from the oxidant. Storage room lighting, ventilation and other facilities should be used in explosion-proof type, switch located in the warehouse. Equipped with corresponding varieties and quantities of fire equipment. Bottled stacking is not too large, should stay away from the wall, from the top of column, and the necessary fire inspection walkway. Technical measures for fire and explosion prevention in the storage tank. Open tank to summer cooling measures.

8. Exposure control and personal protection

Occupational exposure

limit

China MAC (mg/m3)
The former Soviet union

MAC (mg/m3)

TLVTN

(Butyl acetate: 300)
(Butyl acetate: 200)

(xylene: 100)

(xylene: 100)

(Butyl acetate: OSHA 150ppm, 713mg/m3; ACGIH 20ppm, 95mg/m3)

(xylene: OSHA 100ppm, 434mg/m3; ACGIH 100ppm, 434mg/m3)

(Butyl acetate: No standards set)

TLVWN (xylene: ACGIH 150ppm, 651mk/m3)

Chemical marking symbol









Process control

Production process closed, full ventilation. Provide safe shower and eye washing equipment.

Inhalation

Respiratory system protection

The information in this publication is based on our experience and reports from custome

Printed in CHINA.



Generally do not need special protection, but the working environment of the air concentration than the general situation, can be worn with a filter type gas mask (half mask).

Personal protection

The body is protected against static electricity. Hand protective wear gloves.

Its

Smoking is prohibited in the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Product status

Liquid state

Appearance and smell

Aluminum metallic liquid with a pungent smell

Specific gravity 25,

g/cm3

0.8-0.9

Volatilization rate

Quickly

Steam density (atmosphere

=1)

> atmosphere

Insoluble in water, Miscible with organic solvents

Solubility

Volatile organic

compounds (%)

g/1: 0

Steam pressure

Steam pressure

1bs./ga1:0

 $3, 5-4, 2 \text{ bar } (20^{\circ} \text{ C})$

 $8, 5-9, 5 \text{ bar } (50^{\circ} \text{ C})$

10. Stability and chemical reaction data

Stability

Stable at room temperature; Easily react with acids or strong

oxidizing substances

Risk aggregation

Will not produce

Avoid measures

Strong oxidant, acid, amine, anhydride

Material attention

No

Printed in CHINA



The risk of material after decomposition

No

11. Toxicity data

Acute toxicity:

Genuine leather LD50 Inhalation LC50 Murine vein Township 4 hours (rats inhaled)

40mg/kg 3400ppm

When skin tests are performed on animals, it is found that long-term exposure can cause skin sensitivity, but they are mild or moderate.

In contact with the product, such as the use of water wash should be no big deal, but also to try to avoid prolonged contact or inhalation of this product.

12. Ecological data

Ecological toxicity

No data display

Environmental degradation

No data display

13. Waste information

Waste method

The empty drum shall be recovered, regenerated or abandoned by the institution of a qualified or executing license, and be careful in any case to make sure that it is in conformity with the national laws and local regulations.

14. Transport information

Maritime name

Aerosol

Dangerous goods category

Class 2.1 flammable and explosive gases

United Nations Code

UN 1950

Package type

II

Label

2

Hazardous substances needed to be reported

Unwanted

Printed in CHINA.

The information in this publication is based on our experience and reports from customers. There are many factors outside our control and knowledge which affect the use and performance of our products for which reason the information in this publication is given without responsibility.



Special preparation for transportation

Unwanted

15. Regulation information

EU standard classification

Combustible

The classification of the product is carried out according to the test data of the whole or part of the product.

EU label

Symbol: F, Xn

Risk characteristics

Safety recommendations

R11; Flammable.

R67; Steam can cause drowsiness and dizziness.

S43; In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical preparation (dry powder) or carbon dioxide

S9; Place the container in a well ventilated place.

S16; Stay away from fire, please do not smoke.

S33; Take ESD preventive measures.

S36/37; Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. S57: Use appropriate containers to avoid environmental pollution

S60; This material and its container must be treated with hazardous waste.

16. Other information

Reference:

Change description: No

Other information: The following laws and regulations and standards have made corresponding regulations on the safe use, storage, transportation, loading and unloading, classification and marking of chemicals.:

Law Of The People's Republic Of China On Safe Production. (The tenth meeting of the standing committee of the 12th National People's Congress was adopted in Aug., 31th, 2014)

The Occupational-Disease-Prevention Law Of The People's Republic Of China. (The 24th meeting of the standing committee of the ninth National People's Congress was adopted in Oct., 27th, 2001)

Environmental Protection Law Of The People's Republic Of China. (The 11th meeting of the standing committee of the seventh National People's Congress was adopted in Dec., 26th, 1989.)

Regulations On The Safety Management Of Hazardous Chemicals. (The 44th executive meeting of the state council adopted the amendment in Feb., 16th, 2011.)

The information in this publication is based on our experience and reports from customers. There are many factors outside our control and knowledge which affect the use and performance of our products for which reason the information in this publication is given without responsibility.

Printed in CHINA.



 \langle The safety production license ordinance. \rangle (The 34th executive meeting of the state council adopted in Jan., 7th, 2004.)

Disclaimer.:

The content of this material safety data is taken from the source of the company's reliable sources. However, the information provided by the content of these information, the company has not included any guarantee, presentation and implied. For the operation, storage, use and disposal of this product, the environment has exceeded the scope of the company's cognition, and the company does not assume responsibility for any operation, storage, use and disposal of any operation, storage, use and disposal of the products related to this product. This material safety data is prepared for this purpose and can only be used for this product, when the product is used as a component of the other products, and can not be applied to the material safety data. Release date:May, 1st, 2020